

LA FONDATION POUR LA FORMATION HÔTELIÈRE

14th Annual Conference, July 6th-11th 2014

CULTURAL DIMENSIONS OF HOSPITALITY, TOURISM and EVENTS

Accounting information for the crosscultural business communication in the hospitality industry



Prof. Milena Peršić, PhD (milenap@fthm.hr)

Prof. Sandra Janković, PhD (sandrai@fthm.hr)

Dubravka Vlašić, PhD (dvlasic@fthm.hr)

Content of presentation





CROSS-CULTURAL
COMUNICATION AND
ACCOUNTING STANDARDS



SEGMENT REPORTING (IFRS, IPSAS, USALI, USFRS)



\$
Economic
Sustainability



KEY FINDINGS - RECOMMENDATIONS

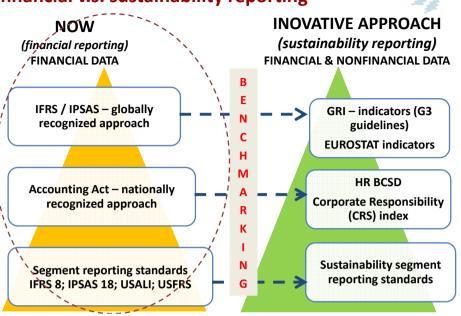
accounting & Research and development costs Design other standards costs Production Marketing costs N U Distribution osts Where the costs have incurred? RESPONSABILITY Customer Who caused L N ACCOUNTING: service G the costs? That costs have ⇒ management costs IAS incurred? information per responsibility units **IFRS** STRATEGIC ⇒ reporting **IPSAS** ACCOUNTING: ACCOUNstatements for internal (IAS /US ⇒ Tool for evaluation: and external users strategy GAAP ⇒ budgeting, control quality (ISO 9000ff) and reporting of - environment impact (ISO 14 000ff, EMAS ...) results by segments MANAGERIAL ACCOUNTING: ⇒ global standard for BSC in planning and ⇒measures, analyzes and reports profit sector - IFRS 8 control financial and nonfinancial information ⇒ industry standard SBSC sustainability helps managers in decision making **USALI** (hospitality (GRI...) ⇒support planning, control and industry), USFRS (SPA SBU profitability, performance measurement industry position in value ⇒ evaluation basis of management ⇒ public sector chain effectiveness standard benchmarking. ⇒information basis for short term and IPSAS 18 competition strategic business decisions customer profitability

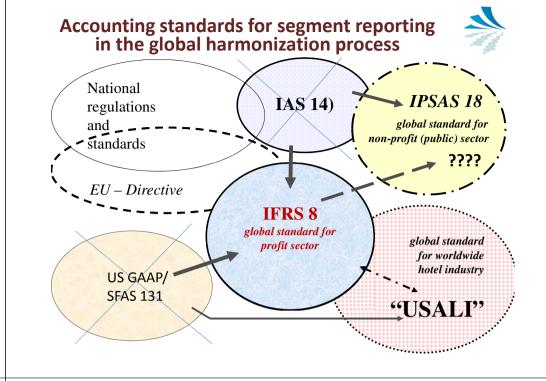
Cross-cultural business communication

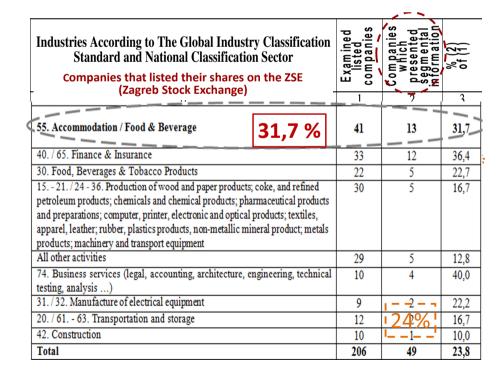




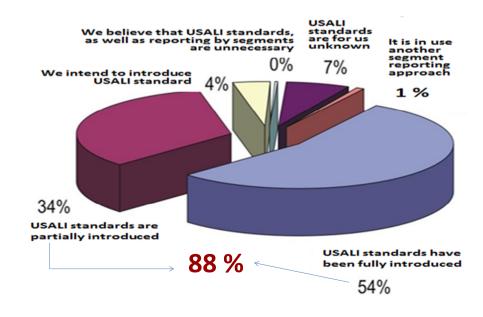
financial v.s. sustainability reporting **INOVATIVE APPROACH** NOW (sustainability reporting) (fináncial reporting) 'FINANCIAL DATA IFRS / IPSAS - globally GRI - indicators (G3 recognized approach guidelines) **EUROSTAT** indicators

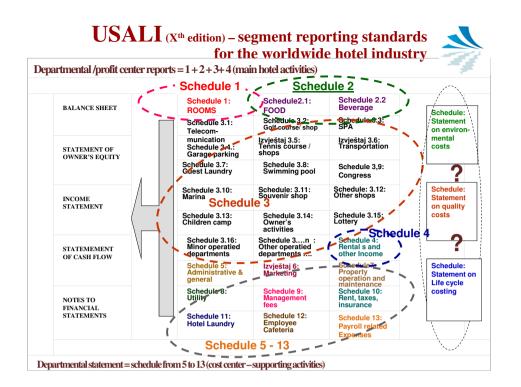




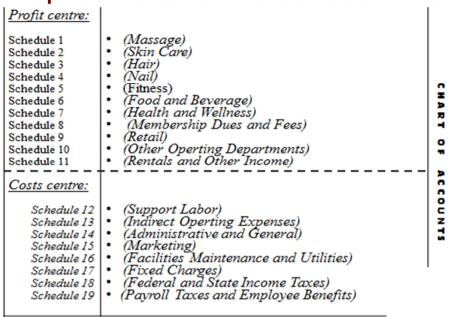


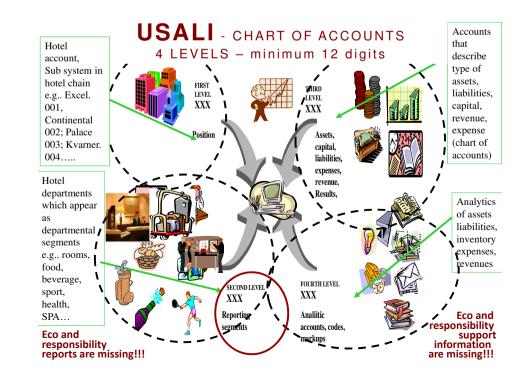


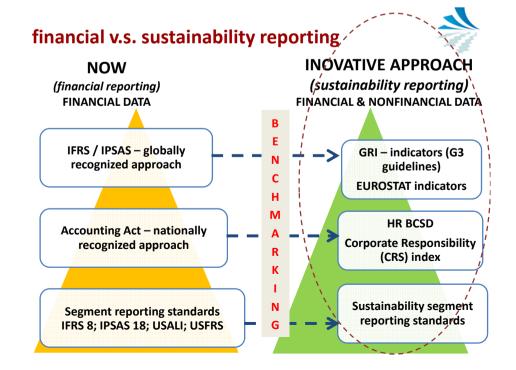


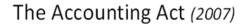


Departmental statements - USFRS standards











Chapter VIII: ANNUAL REPORT Article 18

An entrepreneur is obliged to prepare an annual report that includes an objective review of the development and results of entrepreneurial operations and its position, jointly with a description of the major risks and uncertainties, it is faced with as well as information about the environment and employees if it is necessary in order to understand the development, business performance an market position.



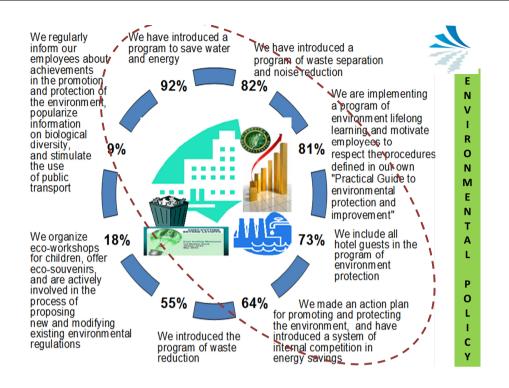
COST BASED ON QUALITY AND ECO-QUALITY PRINCIPLES ECO - Quality Quality Cost of poor ECO Quality Cost of Quality Prevention Appraisal Internal failure External failure costs costs costs costs MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING SYSTEM (ENVIRONMENTAL / QUALITY COSTING) Result of preventive action The consequences of inactivity

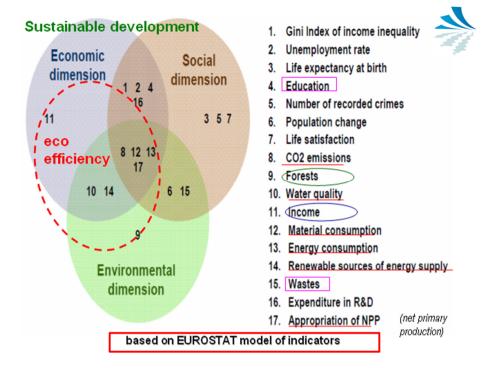
The significance of information about **environmental costs** and **quality costs** in the Croatian hospitality industry



Adjusting to the customer needs and wishes	91%			
Stimulating employees to achieve higher levels of quality in environmental protection, ensuring continuous improvement, locating and eliminating the causes of constraints				
Creating preconditions for managing according to the principles of sustainable development and raising competitiveness on the target market	73%			
Establishing the criteria for evaluating the quality of management decision-making	55%			
Providing guidance for legislation compliance	36%			
Providing guidance for standards compliance (HACCAP, ISO 9001; ISO 14091)	27%			
Assessing the strategies and their implementation, improving accounting reporting systems of hotel companies, preconditions for evaluating the success of TQEM-a and some business programs, identifying and punishing those, who are responsible for poor eco-quality				
Ensuring conditions for eco processes in the entire product life cycle	9%			

Tools and sources of environmental costs assessment	Accommo dation (lodging service)	Food and beverage preparati on service	Food and beverage sales service	Other hotel services	Non-com- mercial and admini- strative services
	%	%	-%	%	%
Records of waste separation	64	82	64	-	-
Questionnaire	73	73	64	27	9
Budget	73	73	64	27	9
Reports / statements	73	73	64	64	9
Cheek list of the different departments	69	73	64	27	9
Statistics	36	73	64	64	9
Environmental protection program	73	73	27	55	9
Waste grease disposal program		73		-	-
Information of safety	-	45	64	-	-
Research of suppliers	-	36	-	-	-
Service-express	18	27	18	18	9
Procedures (room service, mini bar)	-	-	73	18	9
Programs for guests (animation)	-	-	55	36	9
Surveys conducted by travel agencies	73	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	THE STATE OF	14 4	
Eco - use of bed linens	73				Was to the
Hotel journal	64				(YA) (O)
Procedures for hotel operations	-			- 11	1 10 36 0



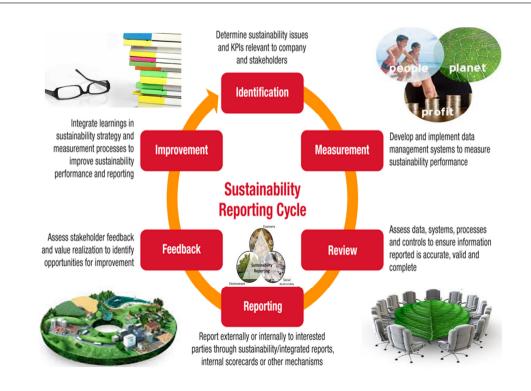


GLOBAL APPROACH

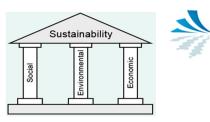




- ☐ Sustainability reporting is largely **voluntary** worldwide.
- ☐ Most industrialized countries have long-standing **environmental laws that restrict environmental-impact** activities and require some form of environmental regulatory reporting.
- ☐ Sustainability reporting is **better develop in Europe than in US**
- ☐ GRI The Global Reporting Initiative is the globally accepted *norm for preparing sustainability reports* to be compared among large companies (GRI G4 Guidelines)
- ☐ Sustainability reporting can help a *company managers* and employees to *drive internal change* in numerous ways
 - ☐ assess if any *sustainability gaps* exist;
 - □ show for a *cause or an action*;
 - ☐ in *benchmarking* process or in comparison to *the best-in-class* company;
 - □ open communication to the share- and stakeholders ...



Environmental and social responsibility of Croatian companies



HR BCSD:

The Croatian Business Council for Sustainable Development

- was founded in 1997 as an independent non-profit association
- most of member companies are from the *industrial sector (19)*
- second important groups are representatives of service industries as tourism, banking and utilities
- others are in small businesses, consulting agencies, expert institutions, environmental NGO, media, private business school ...

(source: http://www.hrpsor.hr)

Sustainability reporting of Croatian companies



- 39 (19%) Croatian listed companies are member of HR BCSD
- 23 (11%) member of HR BSCD disclosed information about sustainability and / or environmental care, in special reports (available on the HRBCS website)
- 11 (5%) of them were disclosed their sustainability report on the web sites of HR BCSD in the last three years
- Volume, manner and character of presented information are not at the level of high quality
- Presented information are not prepared according to the same criteria and not provide comparison between companies
- Presented information are primarily oriented to satisfy formality, and not to be really involved in process of achieving the goals of sustainable development (do not follow the goals National Sustainable Development Strategy)

Recommendations





- Research results indicate that improvements in ensuring source of information for sustainability performance measurement, can be expected especially through:
 - performance measurement should be based on using SBSC (Sustainability Balanced Scorecard) method
 - to rank companies based on their non-financial impacts can be provided through CSR Index (The Corporate Responsibility Index)
- Some activities of HR BCSD indicate that improvements in sustainability reporting can be expected especially through:
 - existing accounting standards for segment reporting (IFRS 8, IPSAS 18, USALI, USFRS ...), should be supplemented with new segment reports, in which will be included information of sustainable development
 - develop some kind of national sustainability reporting standards, based on the model of GRI G4 and EMAS standards (taking into account the functional principle and specific of industry)
 - provide input to the sustainability legislation throughout the business sector

A new type of thinking is essential if mankind is to survive and move toward higher levels. ~ Albert Einstein

THANK YOU!



