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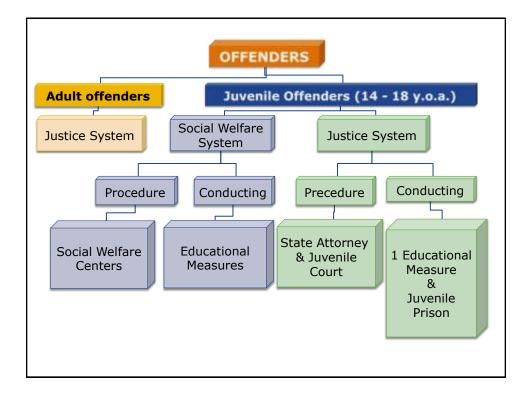
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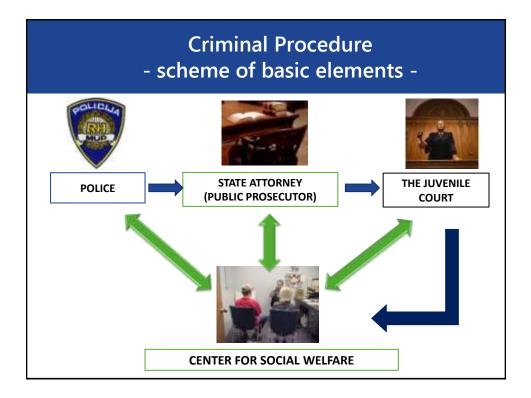
Perception of a Croatian Juvenile Justice System - Professionals' Perspective

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# Most important laws/acts in juvenile justice system

#### 1. Penal Code / Criminal Code

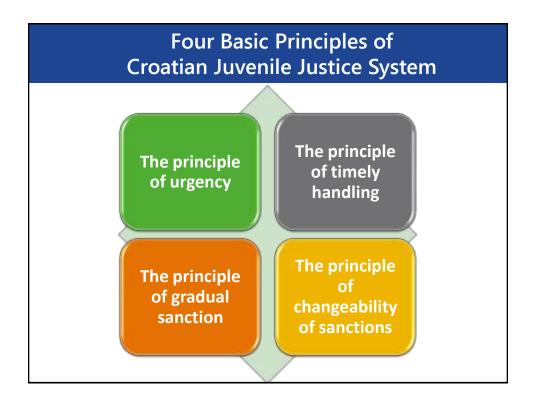
 defines criminal offense, types of offences, types of sanctions etc.

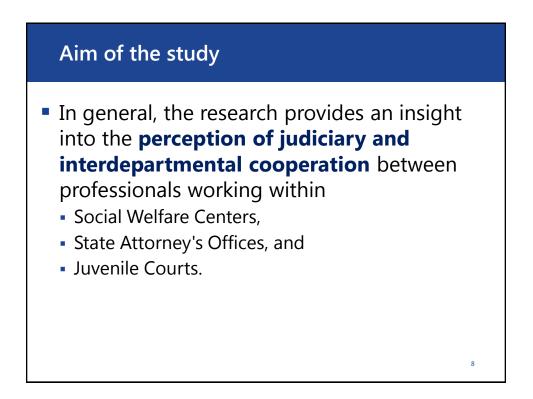
#### 2. Juvenile Courts Act

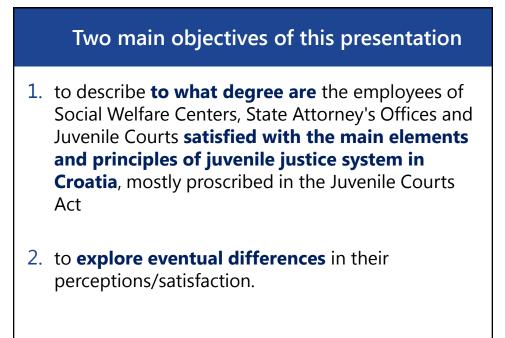
lex specialis for juvenile offenders

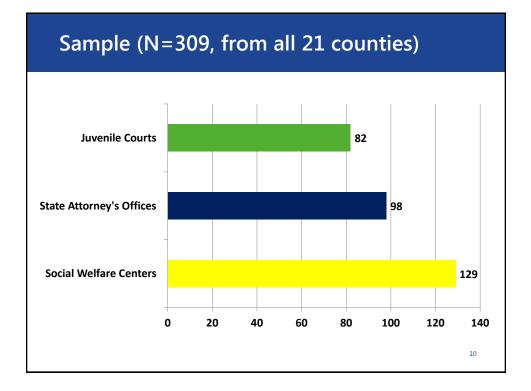
#### **3. Criminal Procedure Act**

- defines criminal procedure for sanctioning
- 4. Law on Execution of Sanctions Imposed to Juvenile Offenders
- defines execution of juvenile sanctions in more details









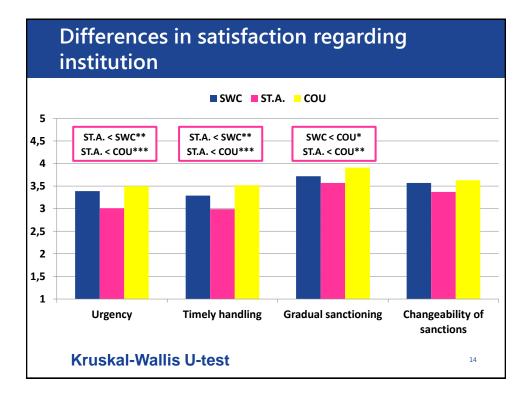
11

## Instrument and procedure

- ✓ perception of our Juvenile Justice System
- ✓ satisfaction with legal definitions/possibilities
- ✓ satisfaction with the implementation of different legal elements (principles)
- satisfaction with implementation/execution of juvenile sanctions
- ✓ satisfaction with mutual cooperation
- The data were gathered during November and December 2015 via an online survey (LimeSurvey).



| How satisfied are you with the implementation of these principles |     |      |      |      |      |
|---|-----|------|------|------|------|
|   | 1   | 2    | 3    | 4    | 5    |
| Urgency   | 4.5 | 18.1 | 24.9 | 47.9 | 4.5  |
| Timely handling   | 3.2 | 19.1 | 31.1 | 41.7 | 4.9  |
| Gradual sanctioning   | 0.6 | 4.2  | 27.2 | 57.9 | 10.0 |
| Changeability of sanctions  | 1.6 | 10.7 | 31.1 | 47.2 | 9.4  |
| 1 = completely unsatisfied; 5 = completely satisfied              |     |      |      |      |      |

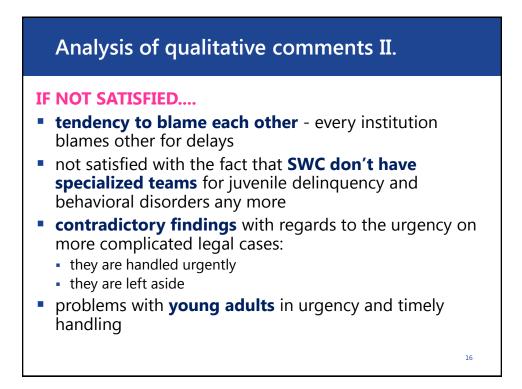


15

# Analysis of qualitative comments I.

### IF SATISFIED....

- satisfaction depends on cooperation on the local level
- some local communities inform about good cooperation that contributes to ensuring all the legal principles in practice



## Analysis of qualitative comments III.

- with regards to gradual sanctioning participants are mostly satisfied
- if not, they are concerned with the "heavy cases/clients" where judges don't respect their professional opinion for more strict sanction
- with regards to changeability of sanctions comments are focused on criticism to the juvenile courts:
  - they do not tend to apply this principle unless recidivism,
  - or vice-versa they change sanctions based on behavior, and for recidivism they insist on new procedure
  - length of the process is counter-productive for this principle
  - problems with young adults

## Counclusions

- research confirms many known facts from our professional collaboration with practice
- results indicate much stronger need for establishing local collaborations and principles/procedures of handling juvenile justice cases in communities (not all sanctions are possible)
- results indicate satisfaction with legal regulations, but good practice is a "human factor"
- state attorneys are mostly pressured by dead-lines and results, that could contribute to their least satisfaction with the system
- young adults are especially questionable group in situations where they have community sanctions and they do not conduct it properly - what are the possibilities?

18

17

