BLOOD CELL COUNT OF MURAENA HELENA, L.1758. FROM EASTERN ADRIATIC SEA NEAR DUBROVNIK, CROATIA

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Abstract
Due to insufficient data on physiology, haematology and immunology of Muraena Helena, L. 1758 a field study was conducted to measure the blood parameters of wild caught specimens from eastern Adriatic Sea, Elaphite islands, near Dubrovnik, Croatia.

Keywords: Adriatic Sea, Fishes, Physiology, Cell

Introduction
Blood cell analysis is an indicator of physiological condition and health status of fish engaged in aquaculture or ecotoxicological studies. Spotted moray eel, Muraena helena L.1758 is biologically and commercially interesting species. To our knowledge data on physiology, haemathology or immunology of this species are insufficient [1, 3]. In August 2009 a field study was conducted to establish the blood parameter values of wild caught Morays from eastern Adriatic Sea, Elaphite islands, near Dubrovnik, Croatia.

Materials and Methods
Morays (n=9) were caught with 300 m long line hooks on a depth of 20-30 meter. The hooks were set at 03:00 at night with squid chunks as bait, and collected two hours later. The average length was 72.37 ± 13.41 body weights were 1296.33 ± 804.45. All fish were collected alive and proceeded to blood collection immediately on spot. Each fish was sedated for 15 minutes with MS222 in a 100 L plastic barrel in oxygenated sea water (dose of MS222= 250 mg/L). After sedation blood was collected from the heart with a 10 ml syringe washed with anticoagulant heparin. Blood was immediately diluted 1:200 with Nett-Harricks dye. Cell parameters were evaluated in blood by standard non-automated haemathology assays using Bürker-Turk haemocytometer.

Results
Average red blood cell (RBC) count and platelet count was 3.513 ± 1.471 x 10^11 / L. Average white blood cell (WBC) count was 9.33 ± 4.72 x 10^9 / L. Mean hematocrit values were 23.22 ± 8.13.

Discussion
Shape, size and structure (Fig.1) of erythrocytes were similar as in majority of other fish species [2].

Fig. 1. Blood cells of Spotted Moray from eastern Adriatic Sea, Elaphite islands, near Dubrovnik, Croatia

Similarly, all leukocyte types typical found among variety of fish species were also recorded in Moray’s blood, as same as trombocytes of round, spindle and oval shapes [1].

References